

What is *Broad Consent* and is UMMS using it?

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- Two new exemption categories in the New Rule pertain to broad consent.
 - The term *broad consent* applies to identifiable private information or identifiable biospecimens that already exist for non-research purposes (e.g., clinical data, leftover pathology specimens).
 - Individuals are asked to consent to the storage, maintenance, or use of this identifiable private information or identifiable biospecimens for research purposes.
 - UMMS does not have a process to seek broad consent from all patients.
 - Broad consent requires an infrastructure to track patient responses and any changes over time. There are no plans at this time to build this infrastructure at UMMS.
 - IRBs are prohibited from granting waivers of informed consent that override a patient's decision to refuse broad consent.
 - The IRB is still able to review and approve research involving existing data or biospecimens.